

5.5 Solving Polynomial Equations

Honors Algebra 2

Difference of Squares	$a^2 - b^2$	$(a - b)(a + b)$
Sum of Cubes	$a^3 + b^3$	$(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$
Difference of Cubes	$a^3 - b^3$	$(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$

"plus minus, plus"

"minus, plus, plus"

Factor each:

$$1. \quad 27 - r^3 = (3)^3 - (r)^3$$

$$\quad a=3 \quad b=r$$

$$(3 - r)(3^2 + 3r + r^2)$$

$$= (3 - r)(9 + 3r + r^2)$$

$$2. \quad 8m^3 - 27n^3 = (2m)^3 - (3n)^3$$

$$\quad a = 2m \quad b = 3n$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (2m - 3n)((2m)^2 + (2m)(3n) + (3n)^2) \\ &= (2m - 3n)(4m^2 + 6mn + 9n^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \quad x^3 + 64 = (x)^3 + (4)^3$$

$$\quad a=x \quad b=4$$

$$= (x + 4)(x^2 - 4x + 4^2)$$

$$= (x + 4)(x^2 - 4x + 16)$$

$$4. \quad 16x^4 + 54xy^3 \quad \text{not GCF}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x(8x^3 + 27y^3) \\ &= 2x((2x)^3 + (3y)^3) \\ &= 2x(2x + 3y)((2x)^2 - (2x)(3y) + (3y)^2) \\ &= 2x(2x + 3y)(4x^2 - 6xy + 9y^2) \end{aligned}$$

Factor by grouping:

$$4x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x - 1$$

$$= (4x^3 + 2x^2) + (-2x - 1)$$

$$= 2x^2(2x + 1) - 1(2x + 1)$$

$$\quad \text{not } 2x+1 \text{ GCF}$$

$$= (2x + 1)(2x^2 - 1)$$

$$10ab - 6b + 35a - 21$$

$$= (10ab - 6b) + (35a - 21)$$

$$= 2b(5a - 3) + 7(5a - 3)$$

$$= (5a - 3)(2b + 7)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & 8r^3 - 64r^2 + r - 8 \\
 &= (8r^3 - 64r^2) + (r - 8) \\
 &= 8r^2(r - 8) + (r - 8) \\
 &= (r - 8)(8r^2 + 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (4x^6 + 36x^4 - 9x^2) \\
 &= 4(x^6 + 9) + (-x^2)(x^6 + 9) \\
 &= (x^6 + 9)(4 - x^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Factor each expression completely:

1. $3y^5 - 75y^3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3y^3(y^2 - 25) \\
 &= 3y^3(y - 5)(y + 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

2. $x^3 - 3x^2 - 16x + 48$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= x^2(x - 3) + (-16)(x - 3) \\
 &= (x - 3)(x^2 - 16) \\
 &= (x - 3)(x - 4)(x + 4)
 \end{aligned}$$

3. $2x^4 + 128x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2x(x^3 + 64) \\
 &= 2x(x + 4)(x^2 - 4x + 16) \\
 &\quad \text{prime, so} \\
 &\quad \text{done factoring}
 \end{aligned}$$

4. $2p^8 + 10p^5 + 12p^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2p^2(p^6 + 5p^3 + 6) \\
 &= 2p^2(p^3 + 3)(p^3 + 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$0 = (x-a)(x-b)$$

$$0 = x-a \quad \text{or} \quad 0 = x-b$$

Use the zero product property to solve:

5. $3x^5 + 15x = 18x^3$

$$3x^5 - 18x^3 + 15x = 0$$

$$3x(x^4 - 6x^2 + 5) = 0$$

$$3x(x^2 - 5)(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$3x(x^2 - 5)(x-1)(x+1) = 0$$

$$3x = 0 \quad x^2 - 5 = 0 \quad x+1 = 0 \quad x-1 = 0$$

$$x=0 \quad x = \pm\sqrt{5} \quad x = -1 \quad x = 1$$

$$\boxed{x = 0, \pm\sqrt{5}, \pm 1}$$

6. $5b^3 + 15b^2 + 12b = -36$

$$(5b^3 + 15b^2) + (2b + 36) = 0$$

$$5b^2(b+3) + 12(b+3) = 0$$

$$(5b^2 + 12)(b+3) = 0$$

$$5b^2 + 12 = 0 \quad b+3 = 0$$

$$b = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{12}{5}} \quad b = -3$$

$$b = \pm i \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$b = \pm i \frac{\sqrt{60}}{5}$$

$$\boxed{b = -3, \pm i \frac{\sqrt{60}}{5}}$$

7. $(x^6 - 4x^4)(9x^2 + 36) = 0$

$$x^4(x^2 - 4) - 9(x^2 - 4) = 0$$

$$(x^4 - 9)(x^2 - 4) = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 3)(x^2 + 3)(x - 2)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3 = 0 \quad x^2 + 3 = 0 \quad x - 2 = 0 \quad x + 2 = 0$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{3} \quad x = \pm i\sqrt{3} \quad x = 2 \quad x = -2$$

$$\boxed{x = \pm\sqrt{3}, \pm i\sqrt{3}, \pm 2}$$

8. $x^3 + 1000 = 0$

$$(x + 10)(x^2 - 10x + 100) = 0$$

\Rightarrow prime

$$x + 10 = 0 \quad x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-10^2 - 4(1)(100)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 400}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-300}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{10 \pm 10i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$= 5 \pm 5i\sqrt{3}$$

$$\boxed{x = -10, 5 \pm 5i\sqrt{3}}$$

and
solutions
to
other
notes
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Factor the following:

$$9. (8ax + 4bx + 4cx) + (6ay + 3by + 3cy)$$

$$= 4x(2a + b + c) + 3y(2a + b + c)$$

$$= (4x + 3y)(2a + b + c)$$

$$10. 20fy - 16fz + 15gy + 8hz - 10hy - 12gz$$

$$= (20fy + 15gy - 10hy) + (-16fz + 8hz - 12gz)$$

$$= 5y(4f + 3g - 2h) +$$

$$(-4)(4f - 2h + 3g)$$

$$= 5y(4f + 3g - 2h) - 4(4f + 3g - 2h)$$

$$= (5y - 4)(4f + 3g - 2h)$$

$$11. x^6 - y^6$$

$$= (x^2)^3 - (y^2)^3$$

$$= (x^2 - y^2)(x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

$$= (x^2 - y^2)(x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

$$= (x - y)(x + y)(x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

prime 5

$$12. (a^3x^2 - 6a^3x + 9a^3) + (b^3x^2 + 6b^3x - 9b^3)$$

$$= a^3(x^2 - 6x + 9) + (-b^3)(x^2 - 6x + 9)$$

$$= (a^3 - b^3)(x^2 - 6x + 9)$$

$$= (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)(x - 3)(x - 3)$$

prime 5

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13. $150n^8 + 40n^4 - 15$

$5(30n^8 + 8n^4 - 3)$

cannot be factored
further

14. $y^8 + 12y^3 + 8$

cannot be factored

