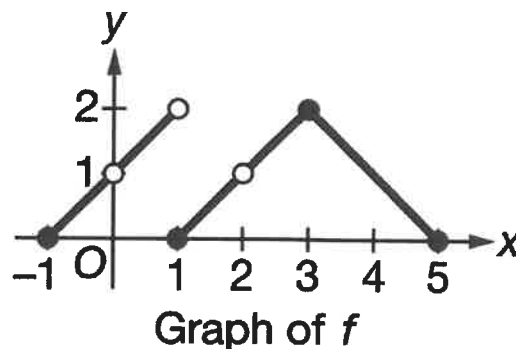


2.3 AP Style Questions

1. The graph of the function f is shown below. What are all the values of x for which f has a removable discontinuity?

- a. 0 only
- b. 1 only
- c. 0 and 2 only
- d. 0, 1, and 2 only



2. Let f be the function defined by $f(x) = \frac{3x^3 + 2x^2}{x^2 - x}$. Which of the following statements is true?

- ☐ A f has a discontinuity due to a vertical asymptote at $x = 0$ and at $x = 1$.
- ☐ B f has a removable discontinuity at $x = 0$ and a jump discontinuity at $x = 1$.
- ☒ C f has a removable discontinuity at $x = 0$ and a discontinuity due to a vertical asymptote at $x = 1$.
- ☐ D f is continuous at $x = 0$, and f has a discontinuity due to a vertical asymptote at $x = 1$.

$$\frac{x^2(3x+2)}{x(x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{x(3x+2)}{x-1}$$

$x \neq 0$ removable

$x \neq 1$ VA

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = 3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = 3$$

3. Let f be the piecewise function below. Which of the following statements is false?

- ~~a.~~ f is continuous at $x = 1$
~~b.~~ f is continuous at $x = 2$ polynomial
 c. f is continuous at $x = 3$
~~d.~~ f is continuous at $x = 4$ polynomial
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x & \text{for } x < 1 \\ 3 & \text{for } x = 1 \\ x^3 + x^2 + x & \text{for } 1 < x < 3 \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 3 \\ 2x + 1 & \text{for } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = 3^3 + 3^2 + 3 = 39$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = 0$$

jump discontinuity

4. What is the domain of the function given by $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4}}{x - 3}$?

- a. $\{x : x \neq 3\}$
 b. $\{x : |x| \leq 2\}$
 c. $\{x : |x| \geq 2\}$
 d. $\{x : |x| \geq 2 \text{ and } x \neq 3\}$
 e. $\{x : x \geq 2 \text{ and } x \neq 3\}$

$$x^2 - 4 \geq 0 \quad x \neq 3$$

$$x^2 \geq 4$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} \geq \sqrt{4}$$

$$|x| \geq 2$$

5. Let f be the function defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2 & \text{for } x \leq 3, \\ 6x + k & \text{for } x > 3. \end{cases}$

If f is continuous at $x = 3$, what is the value of k ?

- a. -7

b. 2

c. 3

d. 7

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = 3^2 + 2 = 11$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = 6(3) + k = 18 + k$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$$

$$11 = 18 + k$$

$$-7 = k$$

6. Let f be the function given by $f(x) = \frac{2(x^2+7x-8)}{x^2-9x+8}$. For what values of x does f have a removable discontinuity?

☒ A 1 only

$$\frac{2(x+8)(x-1)}{(x-8)(x-1)}$$

☐ B 8 only

$$\frac{2(x+8)}{x-8} \quad x \neq 1$$

☐ C -8 and 1

☐ D 1 and 8

7. Let f be the function defined above, where a is a constant. For what values of a , if any, is f continuous at $x = 3$?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 + x^2 & \text{for } x < 3 \\ a(x+3) & \text{for } x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

☐ A 0 only

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = 9 + a^2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = 6a$$

☒ B 3 only

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$$

☐ C 0 and 3

$$9 + a^2 = 6a$$

☐ D There is no such a .

$$a^2 - 6a + 9 = 0$$

$$(a-3)^2 = 0$$

$$a = 3$$

