

| KeyConcept Properties of Real Numbers | |
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| The following properties are true for any real numbers a , b , and c . | |
| Addition Property of Equality | If $a = b$, then $a + c = b + c$. |
| Subtraction Property of Equality | If $a = b$, then $a - c = b - c$. |
| Multiplication Property of Equality | If $a = b$, then $a \cdot c = b \cdot c$. |
| Division Property of Equality | If $a = b$ and $c \neq 0$, then, $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{c}$. |
| Reflexive Property of Equality | $a = a$ |
| Symmetric Property of Equality | If $a = b$, then $b = a$. |
| Transitive Property of Equality | If $a = b$ and $b = c$, then $a = c$. |
| Substitution Property of Equality | If $a = b$, then a may be replaced by b in any equation or expression. |
| Distributive Property | $a(b + c) = ab + ac$ |

| Property | Segments | Angles |
|------------|---|---|
| Reflexive | $AB = AB$ | $m\angle 1 = m\angle 1$ |
| Symmetric | If $AB = CD$, then $CD = AB$. | If $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$, then $m\angle 2 = m\angle 1$. |
| Transitive | If $AB = CD$ and $CD = EF$, then $AB = EF$. | If $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$ and $m\angle 2 = m\angle 3$, then $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$. |

1. Solve $5x - 18 = 3x + 2$ and write a reason for each step.

$$5x - 18 = 3x + 2$$

$$+18 \quad +18 \quad \text{Addition Prop of Equality}$$

$$5x = 3x + 20$$

$$-3x \quad -3x \quad \text{Subtraction Prop of Equality}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

$$\text{Division Prop of Equality}$$

$$x = 10$$

2. Solve $55z - 3(9z + 12) = -64$ and write a reason for each step.

$$55z - 27z - 36 = -64 \quad \text{Distributive Prop of Eq}$$
$$+36 \quad +36 \quad \text{Addition Prop of Eq}$$

$$55z - 27z = -28$$

$$28z = -28 \quad \text{Combine like terms}$$

$$z = -1 \quad \text{Division Prop of Eq}$$