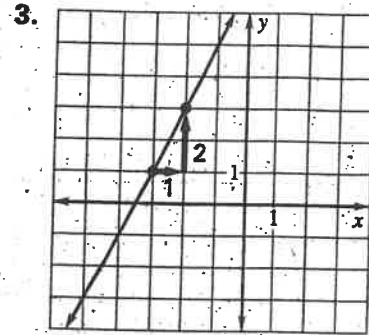
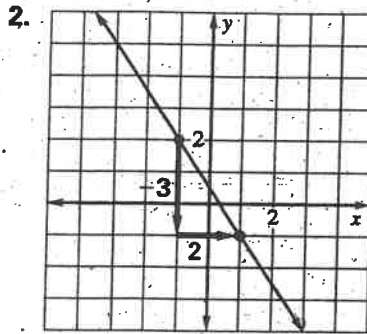
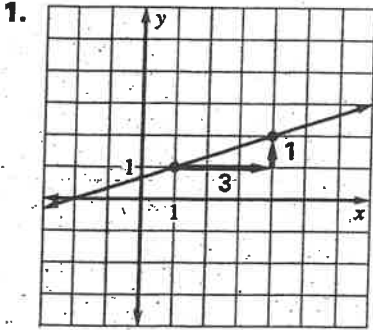


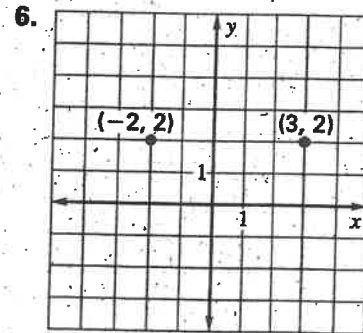
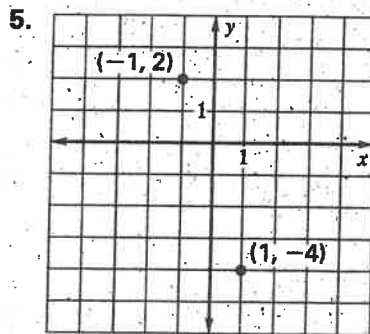
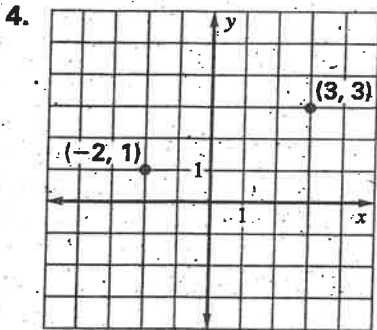
# Practice A

For use with pages 165-171

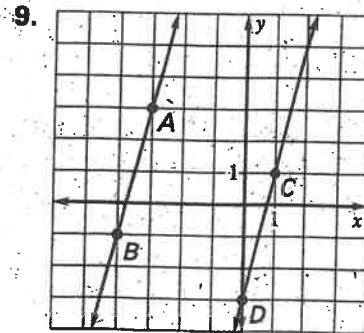
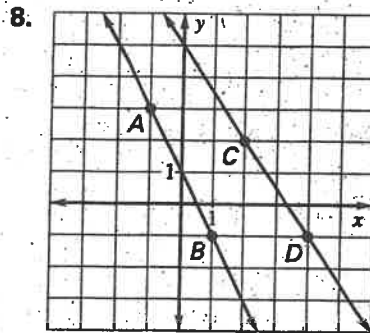
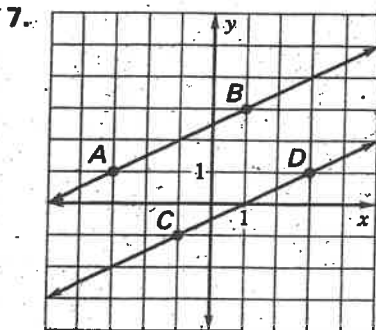
Calculate the slope of the line shown.



Calculate the slope of the line that passes through the labeled points on the graph.



Find the slope of each line. Are the lines parallel?



Write an equation of the line.

10. slope = 4  
y-intercept = 5

13. parallel to  $y = 2x - 5$   
y-intercept =  $\frac{1}{3}$

11. slope = -2  
y-intercept = 3

14. parallel to  $y = -3x + 7$   
y-intercept = 0

12. slope =  $\frac{1}{2}$   
y-intercept = -4

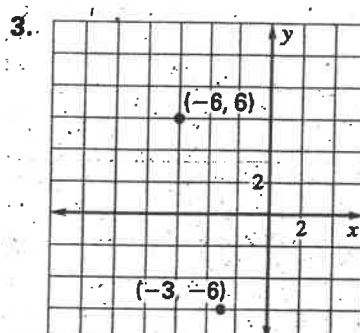
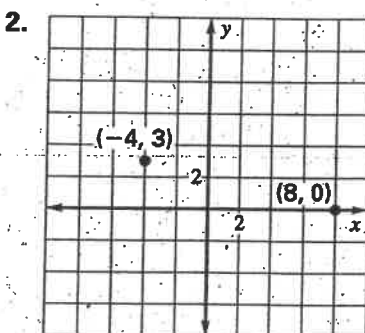
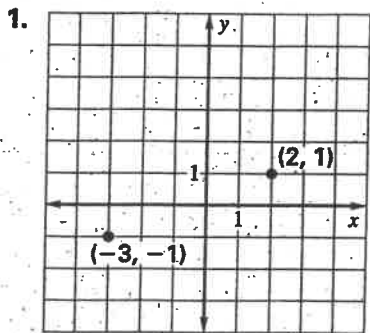
15. parallel to  $y = x - 1$   
y-intercept =  $\frac{3}{4}$

Lesson 3.6

# Practice C

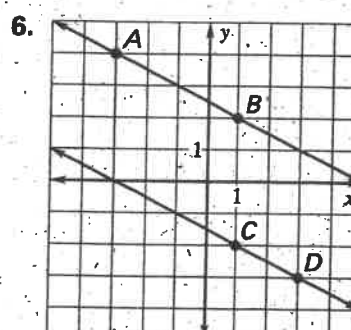
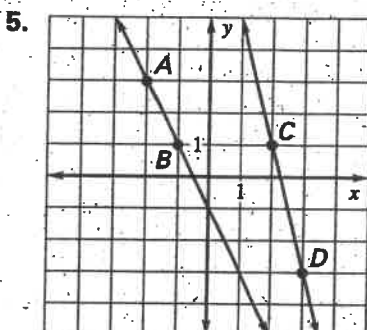
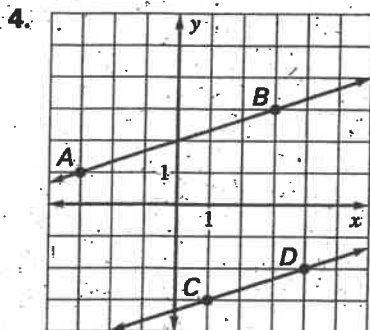
For use with pages 165-171

Calculate the slope of the line that passes through the labeled points on the graph.



Lesson 3.6

Find the slope of each line. Are the lines parallel?



Write an equation of the line.

7. slope =  $\frac{2}{5}$

y-intercept = -2

8. parallel to  $y = 4x - 4$

y-intercept =  $-\frac{3}{5}$

9. parallel to  $y = 8$

y-intercept = 0

Write an equation of the line that passes through the given point  $P$  and has the given slope.

10.  $P(0, 2)$ , slope = 5

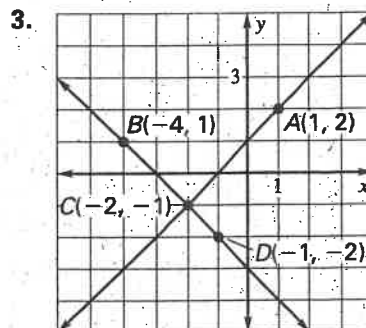
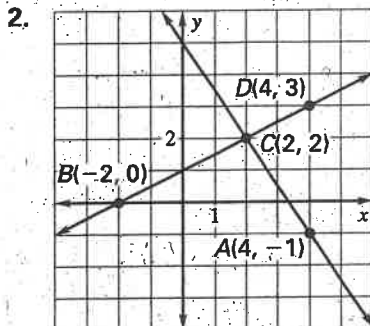
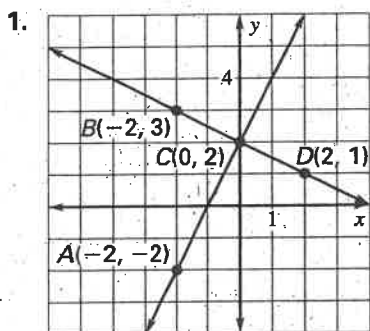
11.  $P(-2, 4)$ , slope =  $\frac{2}{3}$

12.  $P(-3, -3)$ , slope = -3

**Practice A**

For use with pages 172–178

Find the slope of  $\vec{AC}$  and  $\vec{BD}$ . Decide whether  $\vec{AC}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{BD}$ .



The slopes of two lines are given. Are the lines perpendicular?

4.  $m_1 = 2, m_2 = \frac{1}{2}$

5.  $m_1 = -\frac{1}{2}, m_2 = 2$

6.  $m_1 = 4, m_2 = -\frac{1}{4}$

7.  $m_1 = -\frac{2}{3}, m_2 = \frac{3}{2}$

8.  $m_1 = \frac{3}{4}, m_2 = \frac{4}{3}$

9.  $m_1 = -1, m_2 = 1$

Lines  $a$  and  $b$  are perpendicular. The slope of line  $a$  is given. What is the slope of line  $b$ ?

10. 3

11.  $\frac{3}{4}$

12. -2

13.  $-\frac{5}{2}$

14.  $-\frac{1}{2}$

15.  $\frac{2}{5}$

16. 1

17.  $-\frac{6}{7}$

Decide whether lines  $p_1$  and  $p_2$  are perpendicular.

18. line  $p_1: y = 3x + 5$

19. line  $p_1: 3x + 5y = 12$

line  $p_2: y = \frac{1}{3}x + 5$

line  $p_2: 5x + 3y = 18$

20. line  $p_1: 4x - 2y = 6$

21. line  $p_1: x + 8y = -4$

line  $p_2: 2x + 4y = 6$

line  $p_2: 4x - 2y = 10$

Line  $j$  is perpendicular to the line with the given equation and line  $j$  passes through  $P$ . Write an equation of line  $j$ .

22.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 4, P(0, 5)$

23.  $y = 3x + 4, P(0, -2)$

24.  $y = -\frac{4}{5}x + 4, P(1, 1)$

25.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4, P(2, 0)$

Write an equation parallel to the given line. Write an equation perpendicular to the given line.

26.  $y = 2x - 4$

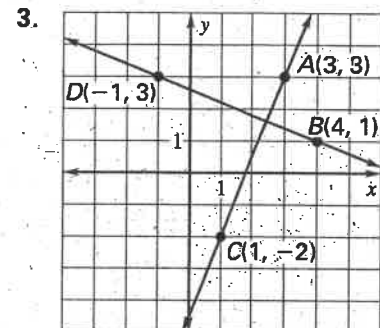
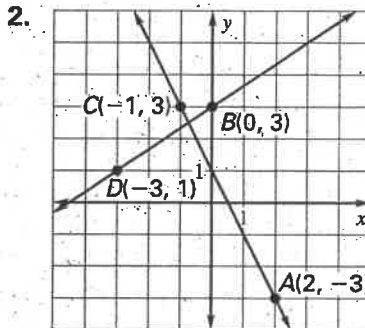
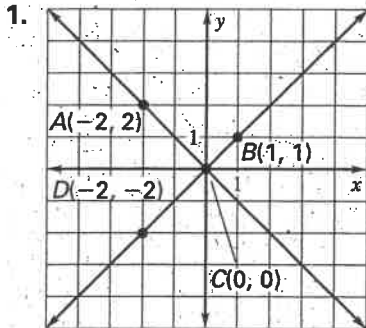
27.  $y = -x + 5$

28.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 2$

**Practice C**

For use with pages 172–178

Find the slope of  $\overrightarrow{AC}$  and  $\overrightarrow{BD}$ . Decide whether  $\overrightarrow{AC}$  is perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{BD}$ .



Decide whether lines  $p_1$  and  $p_2$  are perpendicular.

4. line  $p_1: y = 3x + 5$

line  $p_2: y = \frac{1}{3}x + 5$

6. line  $p_1: 9x = 4 + 7y$

line  $p_2: 7x + 9y = -5$

5. line  $p_1: 7x + 2y = 5$

line  $p_2: 2x - 7y = 5$

7. line  $p_1: x + 3y = -4$

line  $p_2: 6x - 2y = 8$

Determine if the intersection of  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  and  $\overrightarrow{CD}$  forms a right angle. Explain your reasoning.

8.  $A(-7, 0), B(-2, -1), C(-3, 6), D(-4, -3)$

9.  $A(5, 8), B(1, 6), C(1, -3), D(-3, 5)$

10.  $A(-4, 4), B(4, 3), C(-2, -4), D(-1, 4)$

11.  $A(1, 2), B(-2, -6), C(-1, 5), D(5, 2)$

Line  $j$  is perpendicular to the line with the given equation and line  $j$  passes through  $P$ . Write an equation of line  $j$ .

12.  $y = \frac{1}{6}x + 5, P(-3, 1)$

13.  $y = 0.1x + 7, P(1, 2)$

14.  $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 1, P(-5, 6)$

15.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4, P(6, -2)$

Decide whether the lines with the given equations are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

16.  $y = -5x - 2$

$y = 5x + 2$

19.  $2x - 5y = 8$

$5x - 2y = 2$

17.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 1$

$y = -3x + 2$

20.  $y = \frac{5}{6}x + 8$

$y = -\frac{6}{5}x - 4$

18.  $2x - 4y = 3$

$4x - 8y = 7$

21.  $x - 2y = 12$

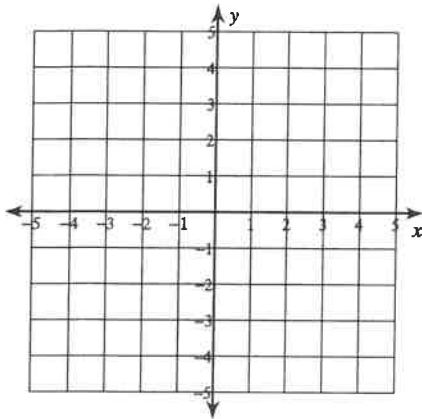
$3x - 6y = 10$

**Practice Test: Solving systems by graphing, substitution, and elimination**

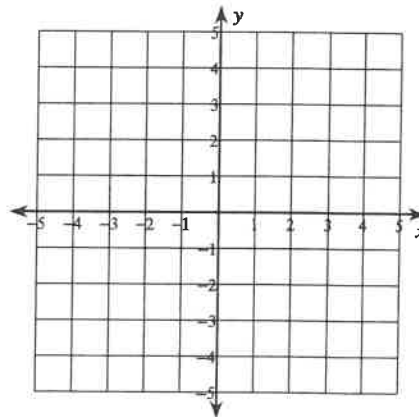
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**Solve each system by graphing.**

$$1) \begin{aligned} y &= \frac{1}{2}x - 2 \\ y &= 3x + 3 \end{aligned}$$



$$2) \begin{aligned} y &= x - 4 \\ y &= -\frac{2}{3}x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

**Solve each system by substitution.**

$$3) \begin{aligned} -4x - 5y &= 15 \\ y &= -5x - 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$4) \begin{aligned} -3x - 5y &= -5 \\ y &= -2x + 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5) \quad & 6x - 3y = 7 \\ & -2x + y = -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6) \quad & x + 8y = 18 \\ & -7x + 4y = -6 \end{aligned}$$

**Solve each system by elimination.**

$$\begin{aligned} 7) \quad & x + y = -10 \\ & 10x - y = -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8) \quad & 4x - 4y = -4 \\ & 12x - 12y = -12 \end{aligned}$$

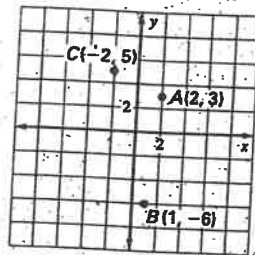
$$\begin{aligned} 9) \quad & 4x - 5y = 9 \\ & 5x - 6y = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10) \quad & 5x - 7y = 19 \\ & -4x + 5y = -17 \end{aligned}$$

ANSWERS

**Practice C**

1.  $\frac{2}{5}$  2.  $-\frac{1}{4}$  3.  $-4$  4.  $m_{AB} = \frac{1}{3}, m_{CD} = \frac{1}{3}$ , yes  
 5.  $m_{AB} = -2, m_{CD} = -4$ , no  
 6.  $m_{AB} = -\frac{1}{2}, m_{CD} = -\frac{1}{2}$ , yes 7.  $y = \frac{2}{5}x - 2$   
 8.  $y = 4x - \frac{3}{5}$  9.  $y = 0$  10.  $y = 5x + 2$   
 11.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{16}{3}$  12.  $y = -3x - 12$   
 13.



14.  $D: (-1, 14), (-3, -4), (5, -8)$   
 15. Not necessarily; both pairs could be positive, both pairs could be negative, or each pair could be different in sign.

**Practice A**

1.  $\frac{1}{3}$  2.  $-\frac{3}{2}$  3. 2 4.  $\frac{2}{5}$  5.  $-3$  6. 0  
 7.  $m_{AB} = \frac{1}{2}, m_{CD} = \frac{1}{2}$ , yes  
 8.  $m_{AB} = -2, m_{CD} = -\frac{3}{2}$ , no  
 9.  $m_{AB} = 4, m_{CD} = 4$ , yes 10.  $y = 4x + 5$   
 11.  $y = -2x + 3$  12.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$   
 13.  $y = 2x + \frac{1}{3}$  14.  $y = -3x$  15.  $y = x + \frac{3}{4}$

**Practice A**

1.  $m_{AC} = 2, m_{BD} = -\frac{1}{2}$ , yes  
 2.  $m_{AC} = -\frac{3}{2}, m_{BD} = \frac{1}{2}$ , no  
 3.  $m_{AC} = 1, m_{BD} = -1$ , yes 4. no 5. yes  
 6. yes 7. yes 8. no 9. yes 10.  $-\frac{1}{3}$   
 11.  $-\frac{4}{3}$  12.  $\frac{1}{2}$  13.  $\frac{2}{5}$  14. 2 15.  $-\frac{5}{2}$   
 16.  $-1$  17.  $\frac{7}{6}$  18. no 19. no 20. yes  
 21. no 22.  $y = -3x + 5$  23.  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$   
 24.  $y = \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}$  25.  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 3$   
 26-28. Slopes of lines should be as follows:  
 26. 2;  $-\frac{1}{2}$  27.  $-1; 1$  28.  $\frac{1}{3}; -3$

**Practice C**

1.  $m_{AC} = -1, m_{BD} = 1$ , yes  
 2.  $m_{AC} = -2, m_{BD} = \frac{2}{3}$ , no  
 3.  $m_{AC} = \frac{5}{2}, m_{BD} = -\frac{2}{5}$ , yes 4. no 5. yes  
 6. yes 7. yes 8. no 9. yes, slopes are negative reciprocals 10. yes, slopes are negative reciprocals 11. no 12.  $y = -6x - 17$   
 13.  $y = -10x + 12$  14.  $y = \frac{2}{5}x + 8$   
 15.  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 7$  16. neither  
 17. perpendicular 18. parallel  
 19. neither 20. perpendicular 21. parallel

## Answers to Practice Test: Solving systems by graphing, substitution, and elimination

1)  $(-2, -3)$

5) No solution

9)  $(-9, -9)$

2)  $(3, -1)$

6)  $(2, 2)$

10)  $(8, 3)$

3)  $(0, -3)$

7)  $(-1, -9)$

4)  $(5, -2)$

8) No solution