

1. Write out the first four terms of the Maclaurin series of $f(x)$ if

$$f(0) = 2, f'(0) = 3, f''(0) = 4, f^{(3)}(0) = 12$$

$$P_3(x) = 2 + \frac{3(x-0)^1}{1!} + \frac{4(x-0)^2}{2!} + \frac{12(x-0)^3}{3!}$$

$$P_3(x) = 2 + 3x - 2x^2 + 2x^3$$

2. Find the terms through degree 4 of the Maclaurin series of $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{1-x}$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots \quad \frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{1-x} = \left(x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots \right) (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots)$$

$$P_4(x) = x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 - \frac{x^3}{3!} - \frac{x^4}{3!} + \dots$$

$$P_4(x) = x + x^2 + \frac{5x^3}{6} + \frac{5x^4}{6}$$

3. Find the Taylor Series centered at $c = -1$ for $f(x) = e^{3x}$

$$f(x) = e^{3x} \quad f'(x) = 3e^{3x} \quad f''(x) = 9e^{3x} \quad f'''(x) = 27e^{3x}$$

$$f(-1) = e^{-3} \quad f'(-1) = 3e^{-3} \quad f''(-1) = 9e^{-3} \quad f'''(-1) = 27e^{-3}$$

$$T(x) = e^{-3} + 3e^{-3}(x+1) + \frac{9e^{-3}}{2!}(x+1)^2 + \frac{27e^{-3}}{3!}(x+1)^3$$

4. Show that for $|x| < 1$ $\tan h^{-1}x = x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \dots$

$$\text{Hint: } \frac{d}{dx} \tan h^{-1}x = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$

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$$\int \frac{d}{dx} \tan h^{-1}x \, dx = \int \frac{1}{1-x^2} \, dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tan h^{-1}x &= \int \frac{1}{1-x^2} \, dx = \int 1 + x^2 + x^4 + x^6 + \dots \, dx \\ &= x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

5. Let $F(x) = \int_0^x \frac{\sin t dt}{t}$. Show that

$$F(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3 \cdot 3!} + \frac{x^5}{5 \cdot 5!} - \frac{x^7}{7 \cdot 7!} + \dots$$

Evaluate $F(1)$ to three decimal places.

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 - \frac{x^2}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{5!} - \frac{x^6}{7!} + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(1) &\approx 1 - \frac{1}{3 \cdot 3!} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 5!} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{7 \cdot 7!} \\ &= 0.94608 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(x) &= \int_0^x \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \int_0^x \left(1 - \frac{t^2}{3!} + \frac{t^4}{5!} - \frac{t^6}{7!} + \dots \right) dx \\ &= \left. t - \frac{t^3}{3 \cdot 3!} + \frac{t^5}{5 \cdot 5!} - \frac{t^7}{7 \cdot 7!} + \dots \right|_0^x \\ &= x - \frac{x^3}{3 \cdot 3!} + \frac{x^5}{5 \cdot 5!} - \frac{x^7}{7 \cdot 7!} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$F(1) \approx 0.946$$

6. Express the definite integral below as an infinite series and find its value. (Expand the infinite series to 4 terms to find the value.)

$$\int_0^1 \cos(x^2) dx$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$$

$$\cos x^2 = 1 - \frac{x^4}{2!} + \frac{x^8}{4!} - \frac{x^{12}}{6!} + \dots$$

$$\int_0^1 \cos x^2 \approx \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{x^4}{2!} + \frac{x^8}{4!} - \frac{x^{12}}{6!} \right) dx$$

$$= \left. x - \frac{x^5}{5 \cdot 2!} + \frac{x^9}{9 \cdot 4!} - \frac{x^{13}}{13 \cdot 6!} \right|_0^1$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{9 \cdot 24} - \frac{1}{13 \cdot 6!} \right) - (0)$$

$$\approx 0.904522792$$