

1. Determine convergence or divergence using any test

a. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{n!}$ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1)^3}{(n+1)!} \cdot \frac{n!}{n^3} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3}{n^3(n+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{n^3}$

$= 0 < 1 \checkmark$

Converges by Ratio Test

b. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{2n+1}$ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{2n+1} = \frac{1}{2} \neq 0$

Diverges by nth term test

c. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{1/n}$ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^{1/n} = 1$

Diverges by nth term test

d. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n}{n^2}$ $\frac{\sin n}{n^2} \leq \frac{1}{n^2}$ since $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ converges

by p-series

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n}{n^2}$ **converges** by

direct comparison test

e. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+\sqrt{n}}$ compare w/ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ which diverges by p-series

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n+\sqrt{n}}}{\frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+\sqrt{n}} = 1$ since 1 is positive

and finite

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+\sqrt{n}}$ **diverges**

f. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}$ compare w/ $\sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2}} = \sum \frac{1}{n}$ which diverges by p-series

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n^2+1}} = \sqrt{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n^2+1}} = 1 \text{ since } 1$$

is finite & positive

g. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} \text{ diverges}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} = 1 \text{ alternating series does not apply}$$

diverges by nth term test

b. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + 4^n}{7^n}$ (Hint: $\sum a_n + b_n = \sum a_n + \sum b_n$)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + 4^n}{7^n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{7^n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{7^n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^n$$

$$r = 2/7$$

$$r = 4/7$$

converges by geo